

Key points to learn

1. Genre	Identifies the style of the music for example Rock.
2. Style	A subgroup for a genre for example Progressive Rock, Alternative Rock
3. Lyrical Content	The words of the Music and what they mean
4. Instrumentation	Instruments used. Are they live or manufactured? Electronic? Acoustic?
5. Dynamics	Volume of the music. Does it change at all?
6. Tonality	The key of a piece of music e.g. major (happy), minor (sad), atonal. Does it change?
7. Production Techniques	How the song/piece has been recorded.
8. DAW	Digital Audio Workstation
9. Form/Structure	The way the music is built for example verse/chorus
10. Tempo	The speed of the music for example Allegro (fast), Moderato (moderate), Presto (quick)

Key points to learn

8. Composition	The process of writing/creating a piece of music
9. Panning	The way the track is presented in stereo sound (the balance between left and right). Are different instruments or vocals more prominent on one side of the recording.
10. Mix Levels	How the track is mixed, i.e. the volumes of each instrument or vocal
11. EQ	How the tone of the instruments is sculpted to enhance or change them
12. Effects	How processes are added to sounds to alter their characteristics

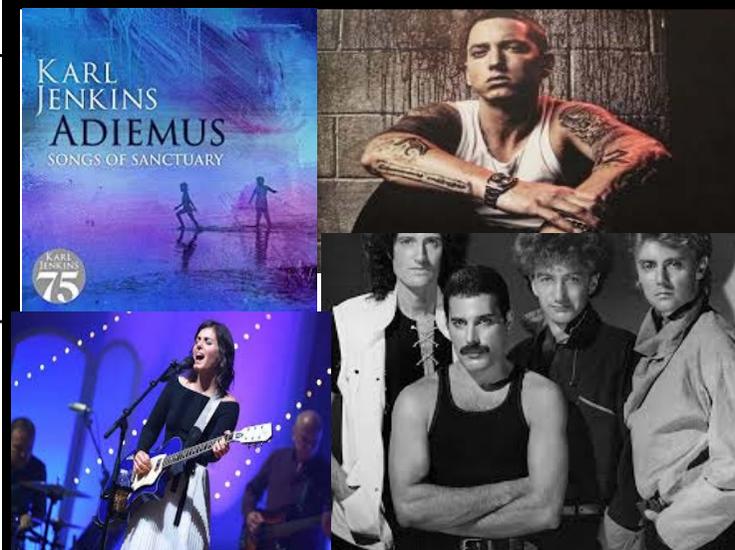
Year 10 Autumn Knowledge Organiser

Name.....

Big picture



Background



Go Beyond

Attend an enhancement to help with performance

Do Now- Answer these questions in the back of your book

1. What is a Genre?
2. If you had to describe the lyrical content what would be discussing?
3. What is the instrumentation of a song?
4. What are dynamics?
5. What is tonality?
6. What is the sub-group of a genre called?

Answers

- 1- Identifies the style of the music for example Rock.
- 2- The lyrics
- 3- Instruments being used in a piece of music
- 4- The volume of music
- 5- The key of a piece of music e.g. major (happy), minor (sad), atonal.
- 6- style

Do Now: (back of your books with today's date)

- 1) What are production techniques?
- 2) What does DAW stand for?
- 3) What is the structure of a song?
- 4) What is tempo?
- 5) What does Allegro mean?
- 6) If a piece of music is in a major key would it be happy or sad?
- 7) What does moderato mean?
- 8) Give an example of a structure

Do Now: (back of your books with today's date)

- 1- What is panning?
- 2- What are mix levels?
- 3- What are production techniques?
- 4- What are dynamics?
- 5 - What is the structure of a song?
- 6 - What is tempo?
- 7 - What does Allegro mean?
- 8 - If a piece of music is in a major key would it be happy or sad?
- 9 - What does moderato mean?
- 10 – What does bpm stand for?

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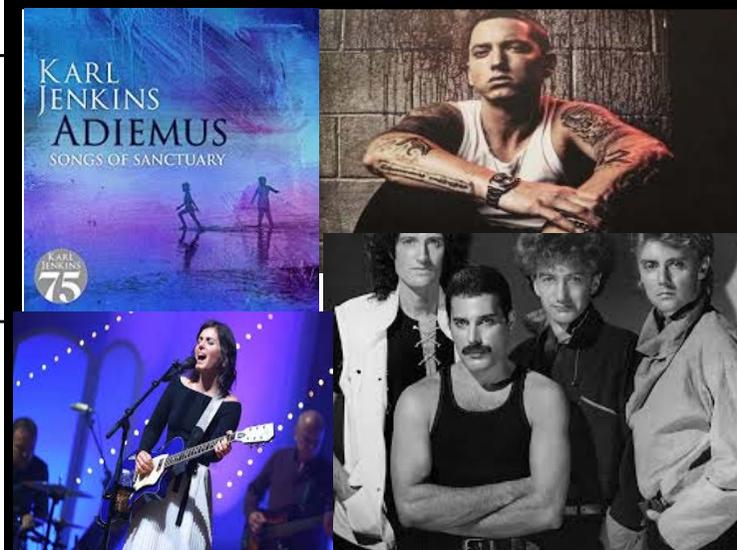
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